

Math 307 - Differential Equations - Spring 2017

Quiz 10
April 27, 2017

Name: Solution

Problem 1. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -L < x < 0 \\ L, & 0 < x < L \end{cases}$. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x)$ on the interval $[-L, L]$. For a bonus 3 points, use the Fourier series of this function to show that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1} = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L L dx = L$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L L \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{L}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L L \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \frac{-L}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} \Big|_0^L$$

$$= \frac{-L}{n\pi} (\cos n\pi - 1) = \frac{L}{n\pi} (1 + (-1)^{n+1}) = \begin{cases} 0, & n \text{ even} \\ \frac{2L}{n\pi}, & n \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = \frac{L}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{L}{n\pi} (1 + (-1)^{n+1}) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} = \frac{L}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2L}{(2n-1)\pi} \sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi x}{L}$$

ExCr: $x = L/2$ $F(L/2) = L = \frac{L}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2L}{(2n-1)\pi} \sin \frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2} = \frac{L}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2L(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)\pi}$

Subtract $L/2$ $\Rightarrow \frac{L}{2} = \frac{2L}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n-1} = \frac{2L}{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+2}}{2n+1} = \frac{2L}{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1}$

Multiply by $\frac{\pi}{2L}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2n+1}$